Ken Hale, MIT, October 1988

| (1) Yang utla | ra dim-i | kauhw-ri. | $M$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Yang un | kay aaw-i | wauhd-ikda. | $S$ |


N. Shame.
(I house in enter-PART fall-PAST:1)
'I went into the house and fell down.'
'When I went into the house, I fell down.'

1. Misumalpan clause chaining.

Longacre's (1985:264-265) characteristic properties:
(a) There is a clause (characteristically final in a chain of clauses) that has a verb of distinctive structure that occurs but once in the entire chain while other (typically non final clauses have verbs of different structure ...).
(b) Each non-final clause is marked so as to indicate whether the following clause has the same subject or different subject from itself.
(c) A further feature of chaining is considerable attention to temporal relations such a logical overlap ('while', 'at the same time') versus chronological succession ('and then') which shade off into logical relations such as cause and effect, result, ... .
(2) Baha ulu-ka pruk-i ik-amna.

Yaka lalang-ka baut-i iita-ring.
(that wasp-CNSTR hit-PART kill-FUT:1)
'I will swat that wasp and kill it.'
(3) Yang sula tum kaik-ri plap-an. Yang sana as tal-ing iir-ida. (I deer a see-OBV:1 run-PAST:3) 'I saw a deer and it ran.'
(4) Man sula kum kaik-ram plap-an. Man sana as tal-am iir-ida. (you deer a see-OBV:2 run-PAST:3)
'You saw a deer and it ran.'
(5) Within sula kum kaik-an plap-an.

Alas sana as tal-ak iir-ida.
(he deer a see-OBV:3 run-PAST:3) 'He saw a deer and it ran.'
(6) Witin sula kum kaik-an plap-isa
Imanatine in prove Bed Alas sana as tal-ak iira-i. or Mente Sumn
(he deer a see-OBV:3 run-PRES) 'He sees a deer and it runs.'
$\left\{2 v_{s} 3\right.$ im Misk firture
(7) Yang sula kum kaik-rika plap-bia.

Yang sana as tal-ing iira-rang. (panticupant mspect out vi. nom part) (I deer a see-OBV:1 run-FUT:3) 'I will see a deer and it will run.' Sumu maken weistent $1 / 2 / 3$ Noprotin
(8) Man naha yul-a pruk-rika plap-bia.

Man aaka suu-ka-lu baut-am iira-rang.
(you this dog-CNSTR hit-OBV:2 run-FUT:3)
'You will hit this dog and it will run.'
(9) Witin baha yul-a pruk-ka plap-bia.

Alas yaka suu-ka-lu baut-ak ifra-rang.
(he that dog-CNSTR hit-OBV:3 run-FUT: 3 )
'He will hit that dog and it will run.'
2. Complementation and the Misumalpan participials.
(10) Yang [Bilwi ra w-aia] want s-na.
(I [P. C. to go-INF] want be-1)
'I want to go to Puerto Cabezas.'
(11) Yang [Ulwah yul-naka] walta-ya-ng.
(I [Ulwa speak-INF] want-PRES-1)
'I want to speak Ulwa.'
(12)

Yang [witin nani aisi-n] wal-ri.
Yang [alas balna yulbau-d-ak] dak-ikda.
(I [they PL speak-(PL)-OBV:3] hear-past:1)
'I heard them speak.'
(13) Yang tal-ikda [sana was dih-i saak at-ak.] (I see-PAST:1 [deer water drink-PROX standing be-OBV:3]) 'I saw the deer drinking water.'
(14) Yang nani [w-a-m-tla mak-i] ta krik-ri. Yangna balna [uu-ma yamt-i] tangka baht-ikda. (we PL [house-2 build-PROX] end break-PAST:1) 'We began to build your house.'
(15) Naha w-a-tla mak-i ta alk-ri.

Aaka uu-ka yamt-i tangka wat-ikda.
(this house-CNSTR build-PROX end reach-PAST: 3)
'He finished building this house.'
(14') Yang nani ta krikri [wamtla maki].
3. Misumalpan serial verb constructions.
(16) Baha usus-ka pal-i wa-n.

Yaka kus-ka-ma limd-i yawaa-da.
(that vulture-CNSTR fly-PROX go-PAST3)
'That buzzard flew away.'
(17) Usus pal-i bal-an

Kusma limd-i waa-da.
(buzzard fly-PROX come-PAST3)
'The buzzard came flying.'
(18) Witin raks kum brih bal-an.

Alas arakbus as ih waa-da.
(he gun one get:PROX come-PAST:1)
'He brought a gun.'
(19) Man dia brih wa-ma?

Man ai ih yawa-ram?
(you what get:PROX go-FUT: 2)
'What will you take (with you)?'
(20) Kuh puht-i saak-yang.
(fire blow-PROX stand-1)
'I am (lit. stand) blowing the fire.'
(21) Watd-i tung-yang.
(stroll-PROX walk-1)
' I am taking a walk.'
(22) Bikiska isd-i bang-ka.
(children play-PROX be:plural-3)
'The children are playing.'
(23) Yang bas-k-i kipt-i lau-yang.
(I hair-CNSTR-1 comb-PROX sit-1)
'I am combing my hair.'
(24) Tuuru ya urundang am-i kut-ka.
(cow the curled sleep-PROX lie-3)
'The cow is sleeping curled up.'
(25) Yang utla kum mak-i s-na.
(I house one build-PROX be-1)
'I am building a house.'
(26) Yang utla kum mak-i kap-ri.
(I house one build-PROX be-PAST1)
'I was building a house.'
(27) Yang nani utla kum mak-i banghw-i s-na. (I plural house one build-PROX plural-PROX be-1) 'We are building a house.'
(28) Yang truk kum atk-ri wa-n.
(I car a sell-OBV:1 go-PAST:3)
'I sold a car off.'
(29) Aisi-k-i Bilwi ra ai blik-an wa-ri.
(father-CNSTR-1 P.C. to me send-OBV:3 go-PAST:1)
'My father sent me off to Puerto Cabezas.'
(30) Witin sula yab-an plap-an.

Alas sana aat-ak iir-ida.
(he deer cause-OBV:3 run-PAST: 3 )
'He caused the deer to run.'
(31) Witin sula yab-an plap-ras.

Alas sana at-ak iira-sa.
(he deer cause-OBV:3 run-NEG)
'He didn't cause the deer to run.'
(32) Yang sula kum kaik-ri plap-ras.

Yang sana as tal-ing iira-sa.
(I deer a see-OBV:1 run-NEG)
'I saw a deer and it didn't run.'
(33) Upla kumi sin ai swi-n dim-ras. Muih as bik yaa-daap-ak aawa-si-ng. (person one also me-let-OBV:3 enter-NEG(-1)) 'No one allowed me to enter.'
(34) *Upla kumi sin sula kum kaik-an plap-ras. *Muih as bik sana as tal-ak iira-sa. (person one also deer one see-OBV:3 run-NEG) *'Anyone saw a deer and it didn't run.'
4. Speculations on the grammar of Misumalpan verb sequencing.
(35)

(36) Witin sula kum kaik-an.

Alas sana as tal-da.
(he deer one see-PAST)
'He saw a deer.'


Table 1: The distribution of tense and subject agreement in finite and participial clauses.


Table 2: Miskitu Obviative Participials

| 1 | $-i k$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12 | $-d-i$ |
| 2 | $-a$ |
| 3 | $-w-i$ |

Table 3: Northern Sumu
Proximate Participials

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(37) Yang nani [w-a-m-tla mak-i] ta krik-ri.
    Yangna balna [uu-ma yamt-i] tangka baht-ikda-na.
    (we PL [house-2 build-PROX] end break-PAST:1(-PL))
    'We began to build your house.'
(38) Yang [witin nani aisi-n] wal-ri.
    Yang [alas balna yulbau-d-ak] dak-ikda.
    (I [they PL speak-(3PL)-OBV:3] hear-past:1)
    'I heard them speak.'
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(40) [Yang kauhw-ri] witin ai buk-an. [Yang wauhd-ing] alas yaa-ihirt-ida. ([I fall-OBV:1] he/she me(-)raise-PAST:3.)
'I fell down and he/she picked me up.'
(41) [Waitna ba utla ra dim-i] kauhw-an. [A1 ya uu kau aaw-i] wauhd-ida. ([man the house in enter-PROX] fall-PAST:3) 'The man went into the house and fell down.'
(41') SOI in Initial Clause:
Tuktan kum ra truk kum mita taib-i mina krik-an.
(child one ACC car one AG crush-PROX foot break-PAST:3)
'A car ran over a child and broke its foot."
(42)

(43) f-command:

A functional category $X$ f-commands $Y$ iff a projection of $X$ dominates $Y$. (If a node $A$ is a projection of a functional category $B$, then $A$ bears the functional index projected by B.)
(44) Rauhwa ba, tuktan nani in-i taim, nina blik-i (parrot the, child PL cry-PART time, back follow-PROX witin sin dauk-i sa.
it also do-PROX be:PRES:3)
'The parrot, when children cry, imitates them and (then) it does it too (i.e., cries).'
(45) Waitna kum dus klak-i k-an 0 kauhw-i 0 taib-an. i $j$ j $j \quad i$
(man one tree cut-PROX be-OBV:3 fall-PROX crush-PAST:3)
'A man was cutting a tree and it fell down and crushed him.'
(46) Yang plun ...piak-i swi-ri ba swahw-an sa.
(I food ... cook-PROX leave-PAST:1 be-PAST: 3 the spoil-PAST: 3 be:3)
'The food I had cooked and left (out) has spoiled'.
(47) Yang nani [w-a-m-tla mak-i] ta krik-ri. Yangna balna [uu-ma yamt-i] tangka baht-ikda. (we PL [house-2 build-PROX] end break-PAST:1) 'We began to build your house.'
(47') Yang nani ta krik-i w-a-m-tla mak-ri. (we PL end break-PROX house-2 build-PAST:1) 'We began to build your house.'
(48) ... nasma laya tak-i ta krik-i dru-an.
(... bee liquid:CNSTR exit-PROX end break-PROX extend-PAST: 3)
'... the honey came out and started to extend (in a viscous strand).'
(49) Witin ai pruk-an kauhw-ri. Alas yaa-baut-ak wauhd-ikda. (he me strike-OBV:3 fall-PAST:1)
(a) He hit me and I fell down.
(b) He knocked me down.
(50) Witin ai pruk-an kauhw-ras.

Alas yaa-baut-ak wauhda-s-ing
(he me strike-OBV:3 fall-NEG(-1))
(a) He hit me and I didn't fall down.
(b) He didn't knock me down.
(51) Yang Bilwi-ra wih truk kum atk-ri. Yang Bilwi kau yaw-i truk as bakant-ikda.
(I P. C. to go-PROX car one buy-PAST:1)
(a) I went to Puerto Cabezas and I bought a car.
(b) I went to buy a car in Puerto Cabezas.
(52) Ani-ra wih truk kum atkr-am? Aayauh yaw-i truk as bakant-idam? (where(-to) go-PROX car one buy-PAST:2) 'Where did you go buy a car?'
(53) Bilwi-ra wih dia atk-ram?

Bilwi kau yaw-i ai bakant-idam?
(P. C. to go-PROX what buy-PAST:2)
'What did you go buy in Puerto Cabezas?'
(54) Yang aras kum atk-ri aisik-am dia atk-ram? Yang pamkih as bakant-ing paapangh-ma ai bakant-ida? (I horse one buy-OBV:1 father-2 what buy-PAST:3) 'I bought a horse and your father bought what?'
(55) *Dia atk-ram aisik-am truk kum atk-an?
*Ai bakant-am paapangh-ma truk as bakant-ida?
(what buy-OBV:2 father-2 car one buy-PAST:3)
*'What did you buy and your father bought a car?'
(56) Ya mai pruk-an kauhw-ram ki?

Wai maa-baut-ak wauhd-idam pih?
(who you hit-OBV:3 fall-PAST:2 Q)
'Who knocked you down?'
(57) Witin nani hil kum ra wap-i ul-an.
(they PL hill one on walk-PROX climb-PAST:3)
'They climbed up the mountain walking.'
'The walked up the mountain.'
(58) ... diara kum ... plis kum ra alk-i sun-i sw-i ba.
(... thing one ... place one in seize-PROX raise-PROX leave-PROX the)
'(in which one) gets a thing and lifts it up and puts it in a place.'
(59) Yang muihk-i sirpi ra andris matsip kulk-i yab-ri.
(I brother-my small DAT orange five count-PROX give-PAST:1)
'I counted out five oranges and gave them to my little brother.'
(60) Witin yang ra ai pruk-i ai batak-an.
(he me ACC me strike-PROX me fell-PAST:3)
'He hit me and knocked me down.'

